What is claimed is:

1. A rinse-aid composition for a dishwashing machine comprising a bio-polypeptide wherein the rinse-aid composition prevents starch build-up and improves soil removal on articles being washed.

2. The rinse-aid composition according to claim 1 wherein the bio-polypeptide is gelatin, egg albumin, bovine serum albumin, casein, sodium caseinate or a mixture thereof.

3. The rinse-aid composition according to claim 1 wherein the bio-polypeptide is yeast protein, whey protein, vegetable protein, plant protein, animal glue, collagen, collagen hydrosylate, or a mixture thereof.

4. The rinse-aid composition according to claim 1 wherein the rinse-aid composition comprises from about 0.5% to about 30.0% by weight bio-polypeptide.

5. The rinse-aid composition according to claim 1 wherein the rinse-aid composition further comprises at least one additive selected from the group consisting of an alcohol, hydrotrope, preservative, acid, surfactant and water.

6. The rinse-aid composition according to claim 5 wherein the surfactant is a low-foaming nonionic surfactant.

7. The rinse-aid composition according to claim 1 wherein the rinse-aid composition results in a use solution having a pH from about 2.0 to about 10.0.

8. A method for preventing starch build-up on dishware comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting dishware with a rinse-aid composition comprising a bio-polypeptide;

(b) removing the dishware from the rinse-aid composition.

9. The method according to claim 8 wherein the bio-polypeptide is gelatin, egg albumin, bovine serum albumin, casein, sodium caseinate or a mixture thereof.

10. The method according to claim 8 wherein the bio-polypeptide is yeast protein, whey protein, vegetable protein, plant protein, animal glue, collagen, collagen hydrosylate, or a mixture thereof.

11. The method according to claim 8 wherein the rinse-aid composition comprises from about 0.5% to about 30.0% by weight bio-polypeptide.

12. The method according to claim 8 wherein the rinse-aid composition further comprises at least one additive selected from the group consisting of an alcohol, hydrotrope, preservative, acid, surfactant and water.

13. The method according to claim 8 wherein the surfactant is a low-foaming nonionic surfactant.

14. The method according to claim 8 wherein the rinse-aid composition results in a use solution having a pH from about 2.0 to about 10.0.

15. The method according to claim 8 wherein the rinse-aid composition is at a temperature from about ambient to about 100°C.

16. A method for pre-treating non-soiled dishware to prevent starch soil build-up comprising the steps of contacting non-soiled dishware with a pre-coating composition comprising:

(a) a bio-polypeptide; and

(b) water.

17. The method according to claim 16 wherein the bio-polypeptide is gelatin, egg albumin, bovine serum albumin, casein, sodium caseinate or a mixture thereof.

18. The method according to claim 16 wherein the bio-polypeptide is yeast protein, whey protein, vegetable protein, plant protein, animal glue, collagen, collagen hydrosylate, or a mixture thereof.

19. The method according to claim 16 wherein the pre-coating composition has from about 0.50 to about 30.0% by weight bio-polypeptide.

20. The method according to claim 16 wherein the pre-coating composition is sprayed on to the dishware.